

## **Physics 8100 - Electromagnetic Theory I**



Assignment # 6 (due to Monday, October 30, 2017)

- 1) (30 points) An infinite line charge with linear charge density  $\lambda$  is located at a distance h from a grounded conducting plane z=0. Find: (a) the electric field, (b) the potential, (c) the surface charge induced on the conducting plane, and (d) the induced charge per unit length on the conducting plane. (40 points)
- 2) Jackson Problem 2.5 (20 points) (see textbook chapter 2, p. 86): Show that the work done to remove the charge q from a distance r > a to infinity against the force

$$\left|\vec{F}\right| = \frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{o}} \cdot \frac{q^{2}}{a^{2}} \cdot \left(\frac{a}{y}\right)^{3} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{a^{2}}{y^{2}}\right)^{2}$$
(Eq. 2.6)

of a grounded conducting sphere is

W = 
$$\frac{q^2 \cdot a}{8 \pi \varepsilon_0 \cdot (r^2 - a^2)}$$

Relate this result to the electrostatic potential (Equ. 2.3) and the energy discussion of Section 1.11.

- 3) Jackson Problem 2.7 (30 points) (see textbook chapter 2, p.87): Consider a potential problem in the half space defined by  $z \ge 0$ , with dirichlet boundary conditions on the plane z = 0 (and at infinity).
  - a) Write down the appropriate Green function  $G(\vec{x}, \vec{x}')$ .
  - b) If the potential on the plane z = 0 is specified by  $\Phi = V$  inside the circle of radius a centered at origin, and  $\Phi = 0$  outside of that circle, find an integral expression for the potential at the point P specified in terms of cylindrical coordinated ( $\rho$ ,  $\phi$ , z).
  - c) Show that, along the axis of the circle ( $\rho = 0$ ), the potential is given by

$$\phi = \mathbf{V} \cdot \left( 1 - \frac{z}{\sqrt{\mathbf{a}^2 + \mathbf{r}^2}} \right)$$

d) Show that at large distances ( $\rho^2 + z^2 >> a^2$ ) the potential can be expanded in a power series in ( $\rho^2 + z^2$ )<sup>-1</sup>, and that the leading terms are

$$\phi = \frac{\mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{a}^2}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{\left(\rho^2 + z^2\right)^{3/2}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{3 \cdot \mathbf{a}^2}{4 \cdot \left(\rho^2 + z^2\right)} + \frac{5 \cdot \left(3 \cdot \mathbf{a}^2 \cdot \rho^2 + \mathbf{a}^4\right)}{8 \cdot \left(\rho^2 + z^2\right)^2} + \dots\right)$$

Verify that the result of part c and d are consistent with each other in their common range of validity.

- 4) Jackson Problem 2.9 (20 points) (see textbook chapter 2, p.88): An insulated, spherical, conducting shell of radius a is in an uniform electrical field  $E_0$ . If the sphere is cut into two hemispheres by a plane perpendicular to the field, find the force required to prevent the hemispheres from separating
  - a) if the shell is uncharged;
  - b) if the total charge on the shell is Q.