Systematic Uncertainties Budget

	Systematic	p _T	A _{LL} (10 ⁻³)
	Relative Luminosity (BBC/ZDC + bkg)		0.6
	Non-Longitudinal		1.8
	Background effects		0.7
	Energy scale	5%	
	Hadronization and underlying event effects	[-0%, +4%] (asymmetric)	
	Trigger and reconstruction bias		[-3.6,+5] (asymmetric)
	p_{T} shift correction	[-0.300.53, 0.07 – 0.78] GeV	

χ^2 Minimization

Using the data that results from the overlap between the QA'd inclusive jets sample and Itaro's offline polarization list

 \Rightarrow Ignoring 3 fills from the QA'd inclusive jets sample (7048,7055,7327)

$$\chi^{2} = \frac{s_{1}^{2}}{\sigma_{s_{1}}^{2}} + \frac{s_{2}^{2}}{\sigma_{s_{2}}^{2}} + \sum_{p_{T}} \frac{[A_{LL}^{theo} + (\frac{dA_{LL}^{theo}}{dp_{T}}) * p_{T} * s_{2} - A_{LL}^{data} + s_{1}]^{2}}{\sigma_{uncor}^{2}}$$

> s_1 and s_2 are fit parameters for minimum χ^2

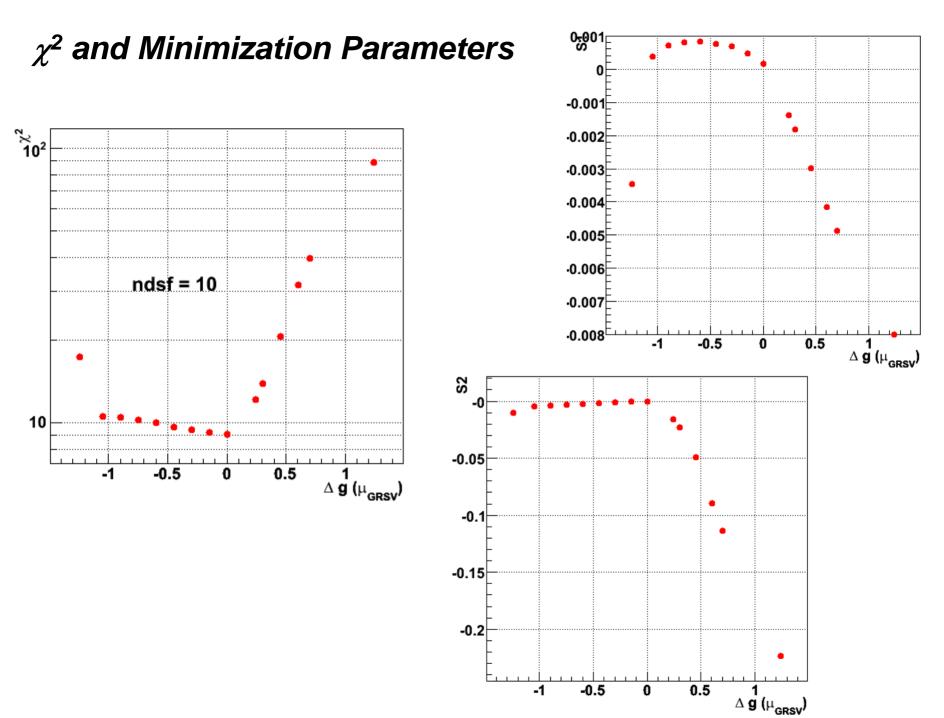
> σ_{uncor}^2 is the quadrature sum of the uncorrelated systematic uncertainties and statistics.

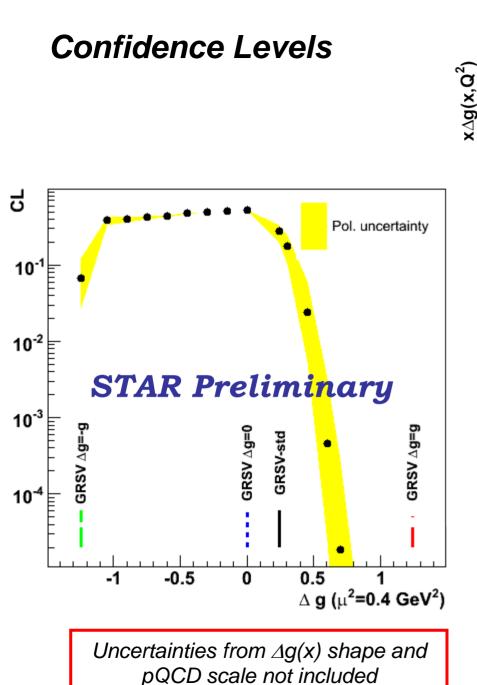
> $\sigma_{s_1}^2$ is the quadrature sum of the vertical correlated uncertainties (direct on A_{II}).

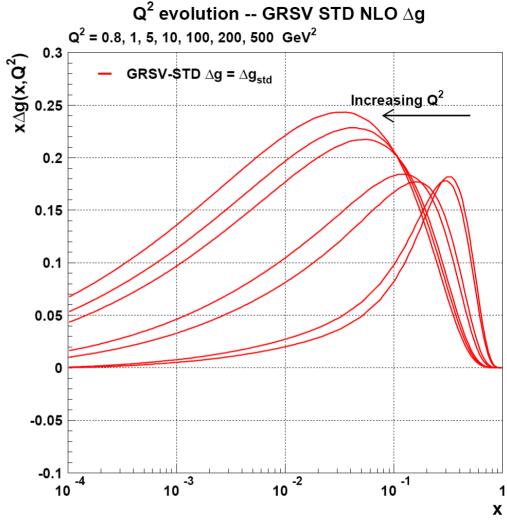
> $\sigma_{s_2}^2$ is the quadrature sum of the horizontal correlated uncertainties (p_T uncertainties).

 $>A_{LL}^{theo}$ are (GRSV) asymmetries for different sub-g Δg values provided by Werner.

 $>A_{LL}^{data}$ are the asymmetries from 2005 inclusive jet data







The yellow band show what happens if $|P_{\gamma}P_{B}|$ is increased (decreased) by 10%